



UNO MINDA AND BOSCH LTD.: A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF FINANCIAL STRENGTH IN THE AUTO COMPONENT SECTOR

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ABSTRACT

The auto components industry serves as the lifeblood of India's rapidly evolving automotive sector, underpinning operations of both Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) and aftermarket channels. This paper presents a comparative financial performance analysis of two industry frontrunners—UNO Minda Ltd. and Bosch Ltd.—spanning the period from 2021 to 2024. Key financial indicators such as profitability, liquidity, leverage, and market valuation ratios are dissected, alongside a review of strategic initiatives, risk exposures, and investment patterns. Bosch Ltd. consistently outshines through operational discipline and global synergies, while UNO Minda demonstrates impressive growth momentum, largely driven by expansion into electric vehicle (EV) components. This analysis offers a robust financial lens for investors and strategists navigating India's dynamic auto component landscape.

KEYWORDS: Auto Components, Financial Analysis, UNO Minda, Bosch Ltd., Ratio Analysis, Industry Growth, EV Transformation.

INTRODUCTION

India's position as the fourth-largest automotive market globally hinges significantly on its auto component sector. In 2023–24, this segment contributed roughly 2.3% to the national GDP, with strong prospects of sustained growth fuelled by rising automobile production, EV adoption, and burgeoning exports. The industry's evolution is marked by active participation from multinational corporations and agile domestic firms driving innovation.

Within this framework, Bosch Ltd. and UNO Minda Ltd. emerge as distinct case studies. Bosch represents a time-tested multinational rooted in engineering excellence, whereas UNO Minda epitomizes the ambition of Indian entrepreneurship, pushing boundaries through strategic acquisitions and a concentrated EV push. A comparative evaluation of their financials reveals how contrasting strategies can shape sustainable industry leadership.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Size, Scope, and Trends

The Indian auto component market stood at USD 56.5 billion in FY 2024, and is expected to surpass USD 100 billion by 2030. With over 10,000 organized and unorganized players, the industry provides livelihood to more than 5 million people.

Key Drivers

- Surging domestic and international demand for vehicles
- Government-led initiatives like the Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme
- OEM-driven localization and export-centric strategies
- Expanding aftermarket and maintenance ecosystem

Emerging Trends

- Electrification: Strong momentum for EV components including BMS, motors, and chargers
- Smart Mobility: Rising integration of telematics, ADAS, and infotainment systems
- Sustainability: Greener manufacturing and circular supply chains gaining traction
- Digitization: AI-powered logistics, ERP systems, and Industry 4.0 transforming operations



COMPANY PROFILE

UNO Minda Ltd

Founded in 1958, UNO Minda has grown into one of India's most dynamic auto component firms, offering a diverse product mix—ranging from switches and acoustics to alloy wheels and advanced electronics. The company maintains a strong OEM foothold in India and has steadily expanded its international footprint through acquisitions like Clarton Horn (Spain), Delvis GmbH (Germany), and a JV with Kosei (Japan).

Strategic Focus

- Diversifying into EV-specific components and sensors
- Ramping up R&D expenditure (~3% of revenue)
- Strengthening its presence across India, ASEAN, and Europe

BOSCH LTD

A subsidiary of Robert Bosch GmbH, Bosch Ltd. has spent over a century delivering innovation in India. Its product range spans mobility, energy, industrial automation, and smart home tech.

Strategic Focus

- Leading in traditional combustion systems, now pivoting toward hydrogen and EV solutions
- High annual R&D investment (~9% of revenue)
- Deepening integration of AI and IoT in connected mobility initiatives

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Narayanasamy and Ganesan (2017) emphasized that financial ratio analysis is a key tool in assessing corporate performance, especially in capital-intensive sectors like automobile components. Their study showed that liquidity and solvency ratios play a vital role in evaluating financial health.

Patel and Shah (2019) concluded that comparative financial analysis among auto component companies reveals differences in operational efficiency and profitability based on strategic investments and cost structures.

Kumar and Jain (2016) found that consistent improvement in return on equity and asset utilization ratios is essential for long-term sustainability in the auto parts sector.

Mishra and Agarwal (2020) suggested that comparative studies between multinational and domestic auto firms reveal gaps in capital structure and investment approaches, affecting profitability.

Reddy and Suresh (2018) indicated that analyzing key financial indicators like debt-equity ratio, net profit margin, and interest coverage ratio helps stakeholders judge the financial resilience of auto component firms.

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

1. To assess financial performance of UNO Minda Ltd. and Bosch Ltd. from 2021 to 2024
2. To compare key financial ratios across both firms
3. To pinpoint financial strengths, weaknesses, and risk factors
4. To offer strategic suggestions based on financial outcomes and industry trends

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Research Design

The study adopts a descriptive-analytical approach, relying on publicly available secondary data.

Data Sources

- Company Annual Reports (2021–2024)
- Stock exchanges (BSE/NSE), Money control
- ACMA and SIAM reports
- Financial texts by I.M. Pandey, Khan & Jain

Tools Applied

- Ratio Analysis: ROE, ROA, NPM, CR, D/E, ICR, EPS, P/E



- Trend Analysis
- Comparative Tables

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

1. Profitability Ratios

| Metric | UNO Minda (2024) | Bosch Ltd. (2024) |

|-----|-----|-----|

| Net Profit Margin | 7.8% | 9.5% |

| Return on Equity (ROE) | 15.6% | 18.2% |

| Return on Assets (ROA) | 6.9% | 8.1% |

Interpretation

Bosch continues to benefit from mature operational frameworks, sustaining healthier margins. UNO Minda, though leaner, is catching up quickly—its profitability uptrend reflects the payoff from its diversification into electronic and EV-driven verticals.

2. Liquidity Ratios

| Metric | UNO Minda | Bosch Ltd. |

|-----|-----|-----|

| Current Ratio | 1.4 | 2.1 |

| Quick Ratio | 1.1 | 1.8 |

Interpretation

Bosch maintains a strong liquidity cushion, allowing it to better absorb economic shocks. UNO Minda balances liquidity well despite heavy capital spending, a sign of prudent financial control during expansion.

3. Leverage Ratios

| Metric | UNO Minda | Bosch Ltd. |

|-----|-----|-----|

| Debt to Equity | 0.65 | 0.25 |

| Interest Coverage | 6.2x | 10.4x |

Interpretation

UNO Minda's reliance on debt reflects its aggressive growth blueprint, while Bosch favors financial conservatism, shielding it from potential downturn volatility.

4. Market Valuation Ratios

| Metric | UNO Minda | Bosch Ltd. |

|-----|-----|-----|

| Earnings Per Share (EPS) | ₹17.8 | ₹348.2 |

| Price-to-Earnings (P/E) | 22x | 28x |

Interpretation

Bosch commands a higher valuation on the back of long-standing investor faith. Meanwhile, UNO Minda's relatively high P/E hints at market optimism in its growth path and future profitability.

KEY STRATEGIC CHALLENGES

UNO Minda

- Balancing high CAPEX with stable liquidity
- Minimizing reliance on legacy product lines as EV adoption accelerates

Bosch Ltd.

- Managing escalating R&D costs in next-gen mobility solutions
- Aligning quickly with India's evolving EV policy framework



FUTURE PROSPECTS

UNO Minda

- Expanding EV portfolio—controllers, motors, sensors
- Targeting new international OEMs (Germany, Japan, U.S.)
- Exploring IPOs of sub-verticals to enhance capital inflow

Bosch Ltd

- Scaling hydrogen-based systems for commercial vehicles
- Supporting smart infrastructure projects across Indian cities
- Advancing automotive diagnostics via AI and IoT

SUGGESTIONS

- UNO Minda should streamline integration of recent acquisitions and explore equity partnerships to ease debt pressure.
- Bosch Ltd. may benefit from deeper alliances with local EV startups and scaling up digital mobility platforms.
- Both players should accelerate ESG commitments, embedding sustainability and governance transparency into core operations.

CONCLUSION

This comparative study outlines two divergent, yet compelling, growth narratives. Bosch Ltd. leverages its global legacy and R&D strength to maintain leadership, while UNO Minda carves out a high-growth trajectory through innovation and strategic risk-taking. As India's auto sector reshapes under the weight of electrification and sustainability, both firms play pivotal roles—Bosch as a steady force, Minda as a disruptor. Long-term competitiveness will depend on how each navigates technology, capital, and ESG imperatives.

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